

TRAINING HANDBOOK

Accu-Chek® Solo micropump system



SET UP PROCESS

To make preparing the micropump easier, the startup procedure has been divided into 6 phases, which will be explained in detail on the following pages:

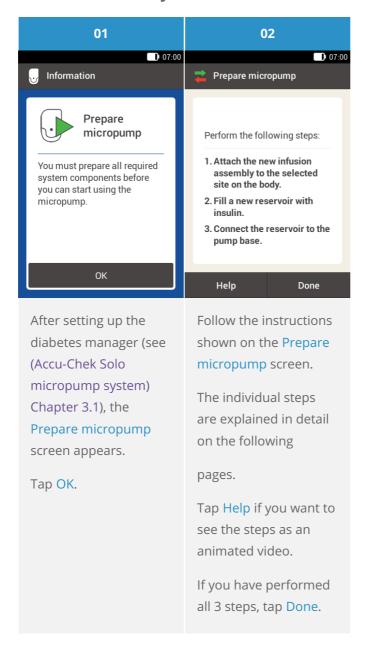
- Place the infusion assembly onto the body
- · Fill the new reservoir with insulin
- Connect the reservoir to the pump base
- · Connect the micropump to the diabetes manager
- · Fill the reservoir needle
- Attach the micropump to the pump holder



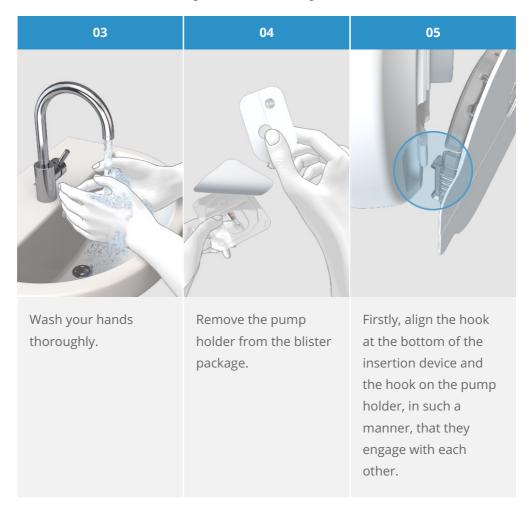
Marning

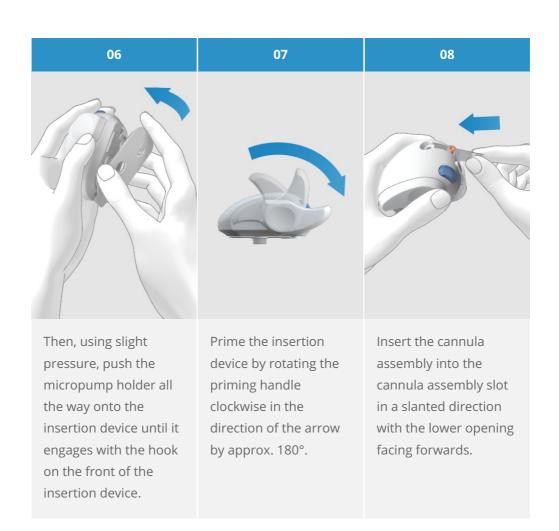
Reservoir, cannula and pump holder are sterile packed items and intended for single use. Do not use the system components of the micropump system if the respective sterile packaging was previously opened or damaged.

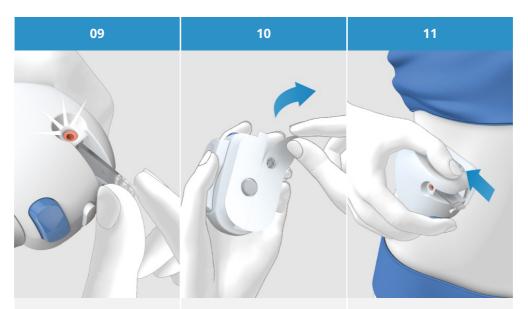
Attaching the infusion assembly



Phase 1: Place the infusion assembly onto the body



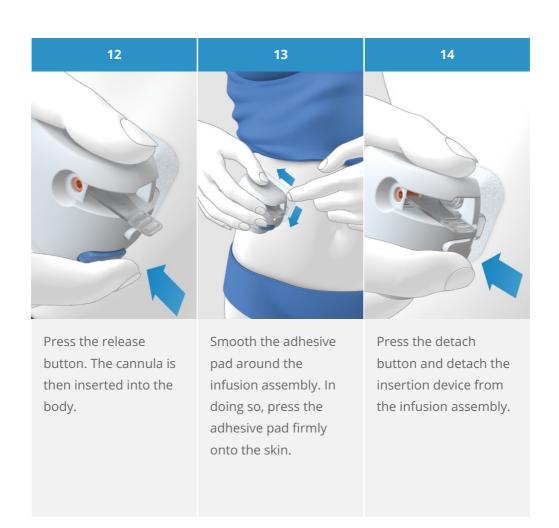


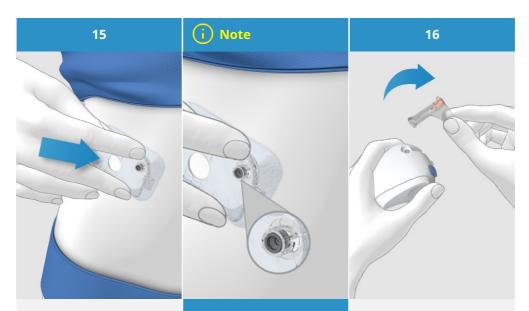


Push the cannula assembly into the slot until you hear it click into place.

Look through the positioning aid to check whether the cannula assembly is in the correct position.

Remove both parts of the protective film from the adhesive pad. Do not touch the adhesive surface of the adhesive pad. Ensure that the surface of your skin is taut and flat. Press the insertion device firmly against the selected site of the body so that the adhesive pad applies evenly onto the skin.





Press the infusion assembly and the edges of the adhesive pad against the skin so that the adhesive pad applies smoothly onto the skin. The infusion assembly is now safely attached onto the body.

After this step, check whether the grey cannula head is visible in the opening of the cannula support and is flush with the opening. Should the grey cannula head not be visible, please go to

Remove the used cannula casing from the insertion device. Dispose of the used cannula casing according to local regulations.



Marning

Check your blood glucose level after changing the infusion assembly, at least once within a period of 1 to 3 hours and at least four times a day.

Troubleshooting.

If your blood glucose level increases for inexplicable reasons or if an occlusion alarm occurs, check the micropump and the infusion assembly for occlusions and leaks. Immediately replace the infusion assembly if you are not sure whether it is working properly.

The cannula and the pump holder must not be re-used. During disposal, ensure that no other people are injured with the cannula, as there is a risk of infection with the cannula and cannula housing.

Phase 2: Fill the new reservoir with insulin

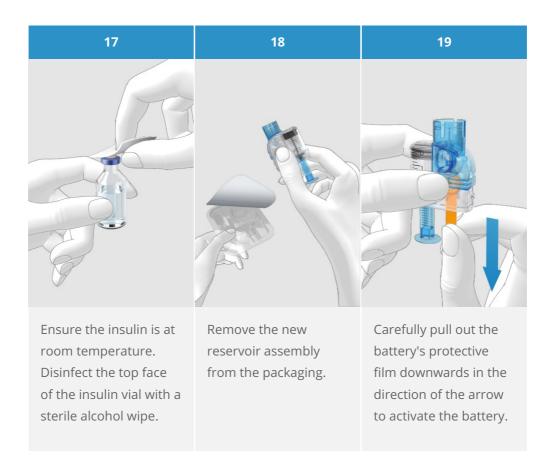
The reservoir is the insulin container for the micropump. In addition to the reservoir assembly, please have the following things at hand:

- an insulin vial with U100 short acting insulin
- a sterile alcohol wipe



Marning

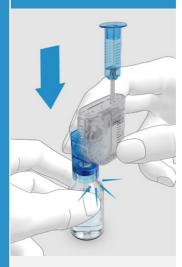
The reservoir assembly comes in sterile packaging and is intended for single use. Do not use the system components of the reservoir assembly if the sterile packaging was previously opened or damaged.



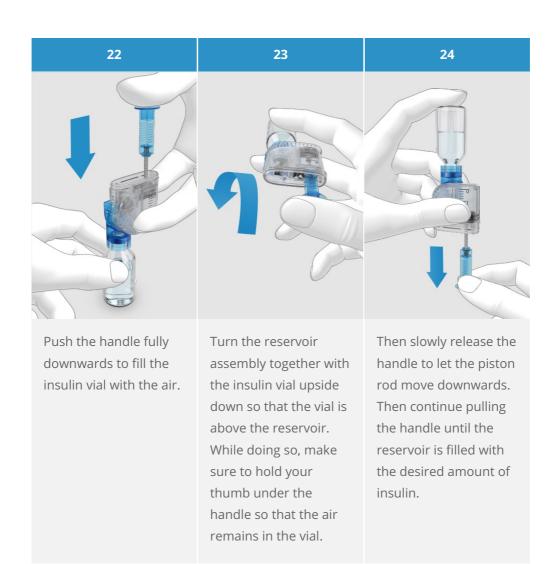


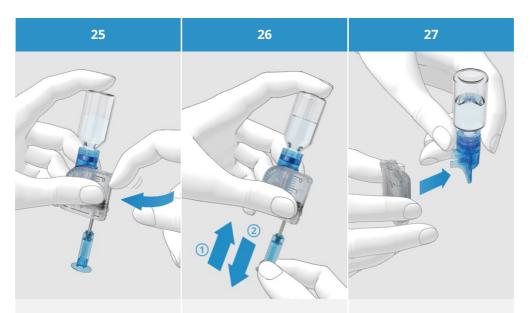
Firmly hold the round part of the handle and pull it downwards in the direction of the arrow. Fill the reservoir with the volume of air that you later want to fill with insulin.

The reservoir must always be filled with at least 80 U (0.8 ml). The reservoir has a maximum holding capacity of 200 U (2.0 ml).



Put the insulin vial on a flat surface (e.g. a table top). Place the filling aid onto the vial. Push the filling aid downwards until you hear it click into place.





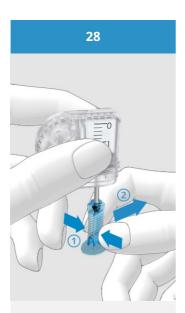
Make sure that there are no air bubbles in the reservoir. Gently tap against the reservoir with your finger to make any air bubbles move in the direction of the filling aid.

Slowly push the handle aid upwards in the direction of the arrow (1) to remove air bubbles from the reservoir.

Slowly pull the handle aid in the direction of the arrow (2) until the reservoir is filled with the required amount of insulin.

Detach the filling aid from the reservoir by removing it sidewards in the direction of the arrow. Caution: There is a risk of injury by the reservoir needle.

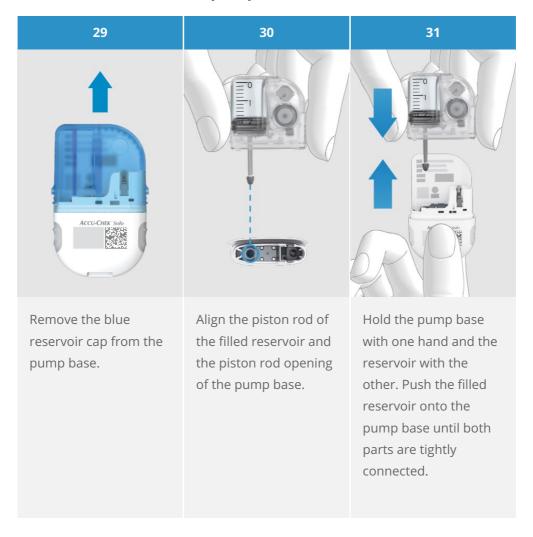
Dispose of the filling aid.



Gently compress the handle aid on the ribbed surface (1) and then remove the handling aid laterally from the piston rod (2).

Dispose of the handle.

Phase 3: Connect the reservoir to the pump base





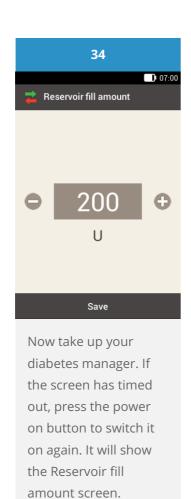
After connecting the reservoir to the pump base, the pumpbase issues 2 beeps to confirm that the system components are correctly connected and the battery is activated.

Make sure that there is no gap between the reservoir and the pump base.

Do not exert too much force to connect the pump base to the reservoir.



Read the reservoir level using the reservoir scale. With 2.0 ml (200 U), the reservoir shown in the figure above is fully filled.



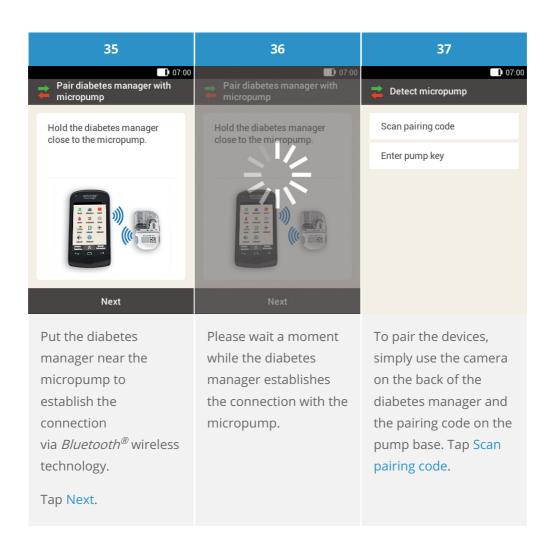
Use \bigcirc and \bigcirc to set the insulin units that you filled into the reservoir.

Tap Save.

Phase 4: Connect the diabetes manager to the micropump

To be able to operate the micropump using the diabetes manager, you must pair both devices. Once they are paired, the pairing settings are stored in both devices, so that you do not have to repeat the pairing procedure until you want to pair a new micropump base.

The pairing ensures that if the connection via *Bluetooth®* wireless technology between the diabetes manager and the micropump is stopped or interrupted for any reason, the connection will be automatically restored once the devices are in an appropriate range to each other.



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Point the camera of the diabetes manager at the pairing code on the pump base. Hold the diabetes manager in such a way that the pairing code appears in the middle of the screen.



When the pairing code is successfully scanned and recognized, the diabetes manager freezes the pairing code on the display and issues a sound.

The micropump and the diabetes manager are now paired with each other.

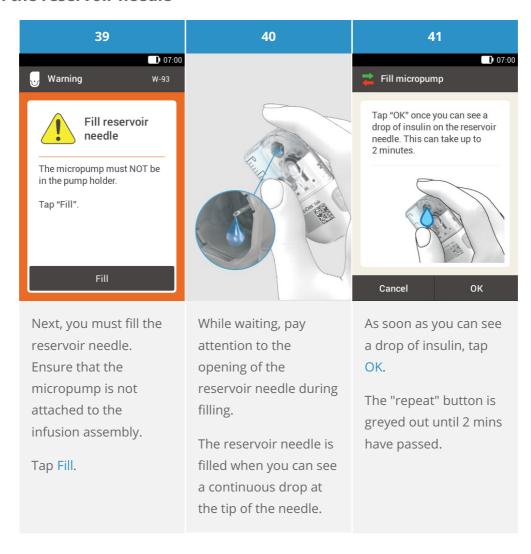
This process takes some time.



If you are not able to scan the pairing code, you can manually enter the pump key into the diabetes manager.

For more information on manual pump key entry see (Accu-Chek Solo micropump system) Chapter 18.3.

Phase 5: Fill the reservoir needle





In case no drop appears, refer to Troubleshooting.

Phase 6: Attach the micropump





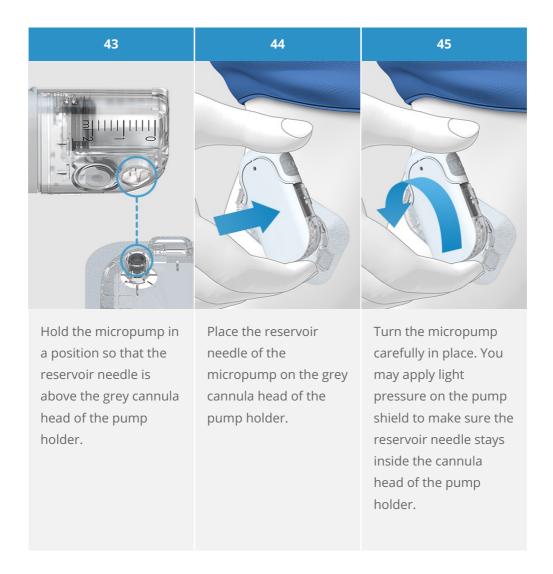
⚠ Warning

Check the micropump and the pump holder for damage before you attach the micropump to the pump holder. Deformations or cracks can cause the micropump system to become leaky. This can lead to hyperglycemia.

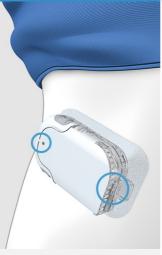
(i) Note

Check the site on your body with the adhesive pad of the infusion assembly at least once a day.

If you insert the micropump into the infusion assembly (pump holder and cannula) frequently or incorrectly, the micropump system can become leaky.







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After one eighth turn (approx. 45 degrees), the micropump clicks into the front and rear hooks on the pump holder.

Examine the front and back hooks of the pump holder to make sure the micropump properly clicked in place.

The micropump is now ready for insulin delivery.

i Note

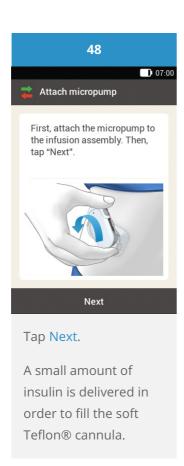
To properly attach the micropump to the pump holder, the recesses for attaching the micropump need to be clicked onto the hooks on the pump holder.

Hook on the top of the reservoir.



Hook on the bottom of the pump base.







The micropump is now ready for insulin delivery.

Check at regular intervals whether the adhesive pad with the infusion assembly is safely attached to the body. A loose infusion assembly may interrupt insulin delivery.

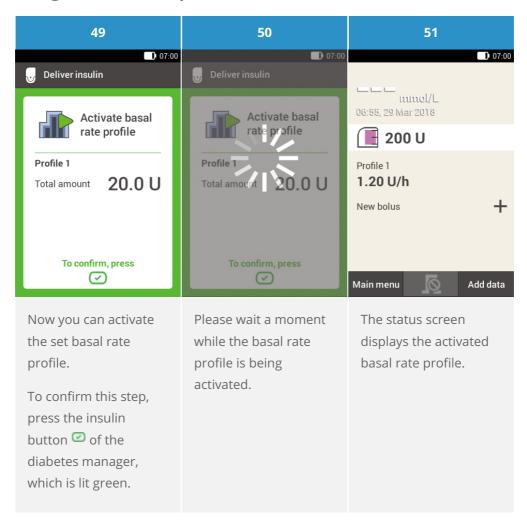
Check in regular intervals that pump holder and cannula are correctly connected to each other.

When your blood glucose level increases for inexplicable reasons or when an occlusion alarm occurs, check the micropump and the infusion assembly for occlusions and leaks.

If the infusion site becomes inflamed, immediately replace the infusion assembly at a new infusion site.

Immediately replace the infusion assembly if you are not sure whether it is working properly.

Phase 7: Activating the basal rate profile



Congratulations!

You made it through the setup. Now you are a pump user. Please continue reading this Handbook or visit the Accu-Chek Academy E-learning to learn more about all the functionality and options of the Accu-Chek Solo micropump system.

REPLACING THE PUMP BASE

Getting started

The pump base can be used for 120 days.

The reservoir has to be replaced together with the pump base.

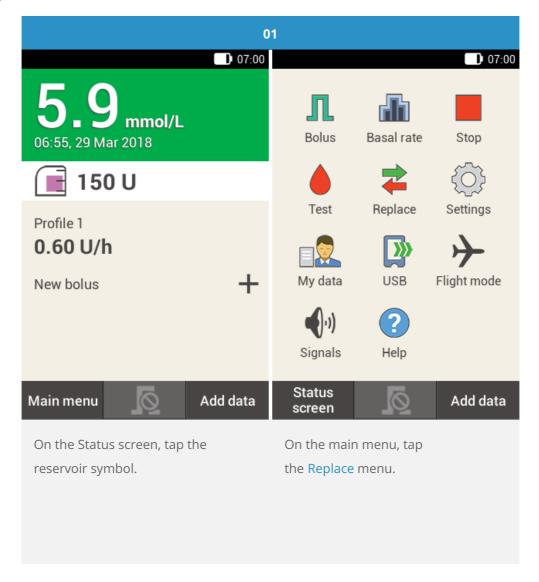
Before starting replacement, have the following components ready:

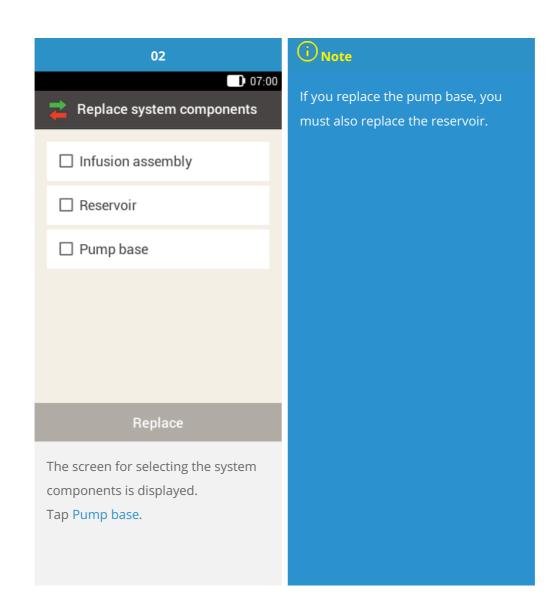
- · New pump base
- · New reservoir assembly
- Insulin vial with short-acting U100 insulin
- · A sterile alcohol wipe

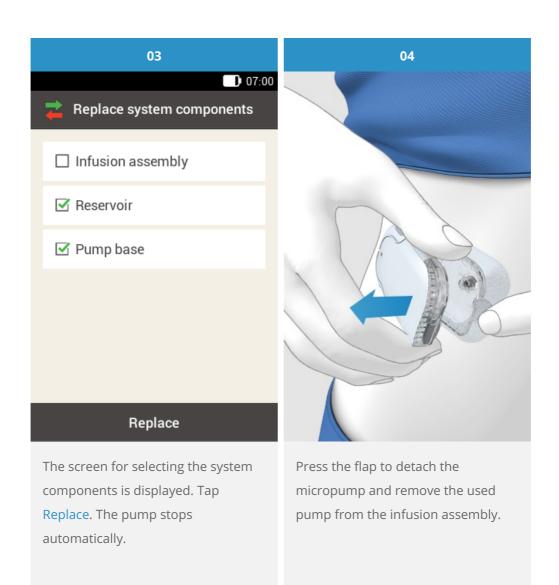
The reservoir must always be filled with at least 80 U. The reservoir has a maximum holding capacity of 200 U (2.0 ml).

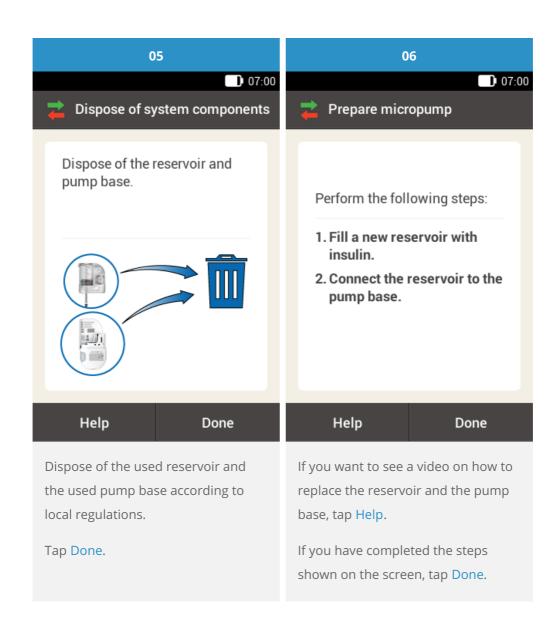
Always initiate replacement of the pump base through the Replace menu of the diabetes manager before having removed the used reservoir. This ensures that all necessary information is transferred completely and that insulin delivery is restarted.

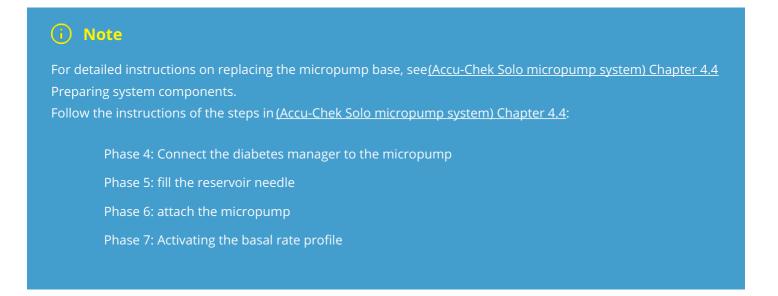
Starting replacement











i Not

You will find the pump key on the inside of the Replacement Kit's lid.

If several micropumps are in communication range to your diabetes manager, you must select the serial number of your micropump from the list.

The pump serial numbers can be found on the pump shield label and the packaging label next to the symbol.

FOR PEOPLE WITH DIABETES. ALWAYS READ THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE. CONSULT YOUR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL FOR ADVICE.

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